

POLICY TITLE:	Elect to Adopt the Performance Management Framework as Charter Goals
ADOPTION/EFFECTIVE DATE	Adopted: February 25, 2013 Updated: May 19, 2014 Updated: November 17, 2014 Updated: November 16, 2015 Updated: March 20, 2017 Updated: September 18, 2017 Updated: November 19, 2018 Updated: September 16, 2019 Updated: May 19, 2020

PURPOSE of This Revision

This revision clarifies how the policy applies if a school is not awarded a PMF score in a given year, and clarifies the circumstances under which the DC Public Charter School Board (DC PCSB) may, at its sole discretion, determine that a school undergoing review or renewal has met its goals through the improvement provision. The revision also cleans up expired policy language.

Prior to this revision, the improvement provision stated that schools would demonstrate consistent improvement on overall PMF scores during the five-year period. This update aligns the policy to DC PCSB’s current practice of considering improvement over the most recent three years of PMF outcomes in determining whether to apply the improvement provision. This revision also includes language clarifying how schools will be held accountable to their charter goals, and how the improvement provision will be applied, in years when DC PCSB determines specific school types should be “held harmless” on the PMF for that year, or when DC PCSB does not issue PMF scores or tiers for any schools.

ELECT PMF AS GOALS POLICY

Schools may choose to replace their charter goals and student academic achievement expectations with the Performance Management Framework(s) (PMF), as amended over time, for the grade levels they serve. Upon a school’s request, the below review and renewal language and improvement clause will be added to its charter as an amendment, which will be approved by DC PCSB’s Board. For specific information related to the timing of charter goals amendments, please refer to our [Policy for Charter Amendments and Revised Goals and Academic Achievement Expectations](#).

The goals and student achievement expectations for a DC public charter schools will be

updated from those currently detailed in its charter, or subsequently created accountability plans, and replaced with the Early Childhood/Elementary/Middle School (“PK-8”), high school (“HS”), and/or adult education (“AE”) PMFs. Any updates to the PMF(s), including changes in state adopted assessments, performance indicators, floors, targets, and formulas, will be automatically updated and accepted by the school without requiring a charter amendment as long as the PMF was updated through a fair and transparent process, typically involving a task force that comprises school leaders, charter advocates, and DC PCSB staff, and was officially adopted by DC PCSB's Board of Trustees in a public vote. Charter schools with mission-specific goals, non-academic goals, and/or goals relating to achievement gaps or subgroup performance are encouraged to include these as supplemental goals and academic achievement expectations. These supplemental goals must be measurable and feasible to assess objectively. For adult education (“AE”) schools offering career and technical education (“CTE”) programs, CTE goals must be included as mission-specific goals.

Upon adoption, the new PMF-based goals will be used to evaluate a school's performance for the years beginning with the year the PMF was formally adopted by the Board for PK-8 and HS. For AE schools, the year that the policy goes into effect is school year (“SY”) 2018-19. The Board formally adopted the ES/MS PMF for schools serving grades 3-8, or a subset thereof, (now PK-8) and the HS PMF in SY 2010-11. The Board formally adopted the EC PMF (now included in the PK-8 PMF) and the AE PMF in school year 2013-14.¹

Fifth-Year Charter Review

In order for a school serving grades prekindergarten through 12, or any subset thereof, or any adult education school that has adopted the PMF as goals and student academic achievement expectations to be considered as having met its goals and student achievement expectations at its fifth-year charter review, the school's average PMF score for the first four years of operation must be equal to or exceed 40%.

Improvement Provision: In cases where a school has not achieved the above threshold, the DC PCSB Board may, at its discretion, determine that a school has met its goals and student achievement expectations if the School Corporation has demonstrated consistent improvement on overall PMF scores during the most recent three years of the review period. For any year within the review period that DC PCSB issues no PMF score or tier, this year will not be included in the improvement provision for purposes of determining “the most recent three years.”² In exercising its discretion, the DC PCSB

¹ While the AE PMF was formally adopted in SY 2014-15, the scoring was not holistic until SY 2018-19, and the Board did not incorporate standards of review and renewal for the AE PMF into the Elect to Adopt the Performance Management Framework as Charter Goals Policy until this revision.

² For example, if DC PCSB issues no PMF score or tier in SY 2019-20, given the years SY 2018-19 through SY 2021-22, staff would consider improvement from SY 2018-19 to SY 2020-21, then from SY 2020-21 to SY 2021-22.

Board shall also consider the strength of un-tiered measures.

Tenth-Year Charter Review

In order for a school serving grades prekindergarten through 12, or any subset thereof, or any adult education school that has adopted the PMF as its goals and student academic achievement expectations to be considered as having met its goals and student academic achievement expectations at its tenth-year charter review, the school will need to have earned an average PMF score since the previous five-year review equal to or exceeding 45%.

Improvement Provision: In cases where a school has not achieved the above threshold, the DC PCSB Board may, at its discretion, determine that a school has met its goals and student achievement expectations if the School Corporation has demonstrated consistent improvement on overall PMF scores during the most recent three years of the review period. For any year within the review period that DC PCSB issues no PMF score or tier, this year will not be included in the improvement provision for purposes of determining “the most recent three years.”³ In exercising its discretion, the DC PCSB Board shall also consider the strength of un-tiered measures.

Charter Renewal⁴

In order for a school serving grades prekindergarten through 12, or any subset thereof, or any adult education school that has adopted the PMF as its goals and student academic achievement expectations to be considered as having met its goals and student achievement expectations at charter renewal, the school will need to have earned an average PMF score since the previous review equal to or exceeding 50%.

Discretionary Provisions: In cases where a school at renewal has not achieved the above threshold, the DC PCSB Board may, at its discretion, determine that a school has met its goals and student achievement expectations if the School Corporation has met either of the following provisions:

- a. Improvement Provision: The School Corporation has demonstrated consistent improvement on overall PMF scores during the most recent three years of the renewal period. For any year within the review period that DC PCSB issues no PMF score or tier, this year will not be included in the improvement provision for

³ See footnote 2.

⁴ Note that charter *renewal* is distinct from charter *review*. Unless sooner revoked or relinquished, the term of a charter granted to a public charter school is 15 years. Every 15 years, a public charter school is eligible for charter renewal for an additional 15-year term. Per the School Reform Act (SRA), DC PCSB shall not renew the charter of a school that fails to meet the goals and student academic achievement expectations set forth in its charter. Charter renewal occurs at 15-year intervals (e.g., at 15 years, 30 years, 45 years, etc.). DC PCSB must also conduct a high-stakes *review* of every charter school at least once every five years; charter reviews occur in between charter renewals (e.g., at 5 years, 10 years, 20 years, etc.).

purposes of determining “the most recent three years.”⁵ In exercising its discretion, the DC PCSB Board shall also consider the strength of un-tiered measures.

- b. Demonstrated Promise Provision: At charter renewal, the school has earned a PMF score equal to or exceeding 50 in the most recent year of the PMF (the last year of the review period); OR the school’s rating* on OSSE’s School Transparency and Report (STAR) framework for the most recent year is a 3 or above.⁶

* DC PCSB reserves the right to remove the STAR rating from consideration if material changes are made to the framework.

Every Charter Review Thereafter⁷

In order for a school serving grades prekindergarten through 12, or any subset thereof, or any adult education school that has adopted the PMF as its goals and student academic achievement expectations to be considered as having met its goals and student achievement expectations at every charter review after the initial 15-year charter renewal, the school will need to have earned an average PMF score for the previous five year period equal to or exceeding 50%.

How This Policy Applies if a School Is Not Awarded a PMF Score in a Given Year

In the event a school is not issued a score or tier on the PMF in a given year (meaning DC PCSB issues no PMF score or tier), the PMF score for that year will not be included in the school’s standard of review for the relevant review period. The average score required for the standard of review will remain the same, and DC PCSB will use the remaining years in the review period to evaluate the standard.

Tier 3 PMF Results

As stated in the annually released PMF Policy & Technical Guide, a school with a Tier 3 PMF result that meets one or more of the below criteria may be subject to a high-stakes review to determine whether the school’s charter should be revoked pursuant to the School Reform Act (SRA).

- PK-8, HS, or AE PMF score of 20.0% or lower in the most recent year.
- PK-8, HS, or AE PMF score that is a 5.0% decrease or greater within Tier 3 from one year to the next.
- Any school performing in Tier 3 for any three of the previous five years.

⁵ See footnote 2.

⁶ By adopting this policy, the school confirms that it will allow DC PCSB to obtain and utilize embargoed STAR data from OSSE as early as possible to determine if this provision has been met. The school agrees to cooperate fully with DC PCSB and OSSE to facilitate DC PCSB’s access to and use of all STAR data, including embargoed or otherwise confidential data.

⁷ The charter reviews occurring after the initial 15-year charter renewal include, for example, charter reviews at year 20, 25, 35, 40, etc.

Additional Review Outside of 5-year Cycle

DC PCSB may, as permitted by law,⁸ elect at any time to conduct an “out-of-cycle” review – that is, outside of the reviews that occur every five years. Out-of-cycle reviews may be due to a school’s Tier 3 status, or because a school is identified as low-performing by the Office of the State Superintendent of Education (“OSSE”) under ESSA, or for other reasons of poor performance or non-compliance. When conducting such a review, DC PCSB will use the last five years of the school’s data to determine if the school is meeting its charter goals under this policy. If a school is reviewed out-of-cycle, DC PCSB will evaluate the school according to the most recent review standard. For example, if a school is in its 7th year of operation, DC PCSB would conduct a review using the previous five years of data to determine if it is meeting the five-year review standard. If a school is in its 12th year of operation, DC PCSB would conduct a review using the previous five years of data to determine if it is meeting the ten-year review standard. These reviews will be in addition to, not in place of, a high stakes review conducted every five years.

New Campuses of Existing LEAs/Campuses with Multiple PMF Frameworks

If existing LEAs open new campuses between charter review cycles, their new campuses must have at least two years of PMF scores prior to the next review to be evaluated on their student academic achievement expectations.

In the case that new campuses have three years of PMF scores, new campuses will be evaluated based on the LEA’s standard for review. For example, if a 10-year old LEA has a new campus that has three years of PMF scores, that new campus will have to meet the 10-year review standard. New campuses with only one year of a PMF score will not have their score included in the upcoming review. At charter review or charter renewal, continuance or closure/revocation decisions applied to the LEA’s existing campuses will also be applied to the new campus whose scores were not included in the review or renewal analysis because only one score was available.

In the case that new campuses or a campus with a new framework (such as a middle school that is growing to grade 12) only has two years of PMF scores prior to the next review, those new campuses or the newest grades that use a different PMF framework (in the case of expanding schools) will be held to the 5-year review standard.⁹ At the following review, the new campuses and new frameworks would have to meet the LEA’s standard for review. For example, if a 10-year old charter middle school grows to serve through grade 12, and only has two high school PMF scores at the time of its 10-year review, DC PCSB would evaluate grades 6 through 8 using the 10-year review standard, and grades 9 through 11 using the 5-year review standard. At the LEA’s 15-year charter renewal, all grades

⁸ D.C. Official Code § 38-1802.12(a)(3) states that “An eligible chartering authority that grants or renews a charter...shall review the charter at least once every 5 years...” Thus, DC PCSB may review a charter more than once within a 5-year cycle.

would be held to the 15-year charter renewal standard.

Grandfather Clause: Adult Schools That Have Previously Adopted PMF Measures as Goals

Two adult education schools have previously adopted a version of the PMF as their charter goals prior to SY 2018-19 and have yet to go through their next review: Community College Preparatory Academy PCS and LAYC Career Academy PCS. For these schools only, the relevant grandfather clause may apply for their next review, upon the school's adoption of this policy update into its charter agreement.

- An AE school that has previously adopted the PMF as Goals undergoing a ten-year charter review in SY 2021-22 or 2022-23¹⁰:
 - At its tenth-year charter review the campus will need to have earned:
 - At least 50% of the weighted score in three out of four categories (previously named indicators) on the AE PMF (Student Progress, Student Achievement, College and Career Readiness, and Leading Indicators) and at least 45% of the weighted score in the remaining category for each relevant school year: SY 2016-17 and 2017-18, or just SY 2017-18.
 - The school will need to have earned an average AE PMF score equal to or exceeding 45% for all SYs after and including 2018-19.
 - Improvement Provision: In cases where a school has not achieved the above threshold, the DC PCSB Board may, at its discretion, determine that a school has met its goals and student achievement expectations if the campus has demonstrated consistent improvement on overall PMF scores during the most recent three years of the review period. For any year within the review period that DC PCSB issues no PMF score or tier, this year will not be included in the improvement provision for purposes of determining “the most recent three years.” In exercising its discretion, the DC PCSB Board shall also consider the strength of un-tiered measures.
- All AE schools that have previously adopted the PMF as Goals are captured above. There is no AE school that has previously adopted the PMF as Goals undergoing renewal or a subsequent review within the next five years.
- AE schools that did not adopt the PMF as Goals prior to SY 2018-19 that wish to adopt the PMF as Goals in the future will adopt the following language for a review cycle that includes any school year between 2014-15 and 2017-18, inclusive:
 - For each relevant school year 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, and 2017-18, the school must meet the goals and student academic achievement expectations as

¹⁰ LAYC Career Academy PCS may undergo a ten-year review in SY 2021-22 and Community College Preparatory Academy PCS may undergo a ten-year review in SY 2022-23.

agreed to in its Charter Agreement. For school years 2018-19 and beyond, the school must meet the standard consistent with that review period (i.e., 10-year review, renewal, or and subsequent reviews) as contained in this policy. The improvement provision will be included.

Board Approval Acknowledged by:

Rick Cruz
DC PCSB Board Chair